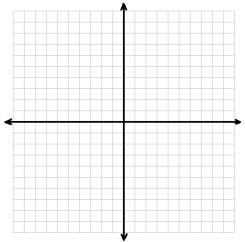
## **Graphing Polynomials Class Work**

Solution of polynomials.

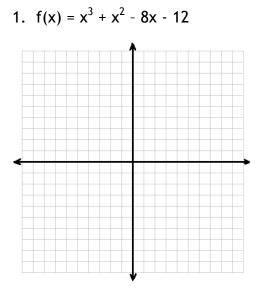
**Turn & Talk:** What are some aspects of a polynomial that can help you determine certain points on its graph?

* To sketch graphs of polynomial functions, we will need to identify the following aspects:		
(if reasonable)		
- If the function is positive (above the x-axis) or negative (below the x-axis) between each pair of roots: Test points to do so!		
- End behavior: Determined by the leading coefficient and degree of the polynomial		
If the leading coefficient is <b>positive:</b> ~ <b>even</b> degree: both ends of the graph point up ~ <b>odd</b> degree: left side points down and right side points up		
If the leading coefficient is <b>negative:</b> ~ <b>even</b> degree: both ends of the graph point down ~ <b>odd</b> degree: left side points up and right side points down		

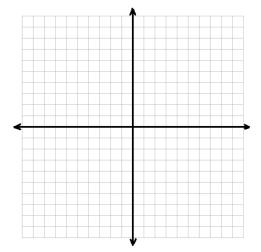
**\*Example:** Sketch a graph of the function  $y = -x^3 - 2x^2 + x + 2$ 



Practice: Sketch a graph of each function.



2.  $y = 2x^4 - 5x^3 - 11x^2 + 20x + 12$ 



Name:	Date:	Unit 6 Class Work

## <u>Recap</u>:

List the important aspects of sketching graphs of polynomial functions.