

Properties of Logarithms Class Work

☒ Objective: You will be able to simplify and expand logarithms.

★ When the bases of logarithms are identical, the following properties hold...

* $\log_b M + \log_b N =$

Example:

* $\log_b M - \log_b N =$

Example:

* $\log_b M^a =$

Example:

★ Can you create a rule for the following logarithms, for any given values x and y?

* $\log_x x =$

* $\log_y 1 =$

 **Practice:** Write an equivalent expression to condense each logarithm.

$$1. \log_3 2x + \log_3(x - 4)$$

$$2. \log_{12} 17 - \log_{12}(2x + 5)$$

$$3. \log_2 4^x$$

$$4. 3\log(xyz) + \log(y)$$

$$5. \log(p) + \log(q) - \log(r)$$

$$6. 4\log(xy) - 6\log(y) + \log(x)$$

$$7. \log_7 b - 5(2\log_7 c + \log_7(3d))$$

$$8. \ln(6x^2) - \ln(2x)$$

$$9. \ln(4x)^2 + \ln(2) - \ln(x)$$

$$10. \log(3w) - 2(3\log(v) + \log(3t))$$

11. $\log_9 \frac{1}{3} + 4\log_9 3$

12. $\log_{16}(1/4) + 3\log_{16}4$

13. $4\log 2 + \log 7 - \log 4$

14. $\ln 8 - 3^*\ln 2$

 **Practice:** Write an equivalent expression to expand each logarithm.

15. $\log_4(3\sqrt{x})$

16. $\log_3(8^*(3x - 1)^2)$

17. $\log_8(2^*(4y + 5)^4)$

18. $\log_{11}(4/\sqrt{5})$

19. $\log_4 \sqrt{\frac{3w}{z}}$

20. $\log_8 \sqrt{\frac{s}{6r}}$

Exit Slip: Write an equivalent expression for each logarithm.

$$1. \log 2x + \log x - \log 8$$

$$2. 4\log 3x - \log 9$$

$$3. \log(3^*(2x + 1)^2)$$

Homework: pages 442~444

#11~27 odds only, 43, 59, 63, 67, 75, 91, 93

These Two Problems:

A. Condense $\log(9h) - 8(2\log(f) + \log(3h))$

B. Expand $\log\left(2\sqrt[2]{\frac{w}{4z}}\right)$

Throwback: p. 444 #103 and 105